GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE
LOK SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO:3439
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Milk Production
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Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether India ranks first in milk production in the world;
(b) if so, the details of per capitaavailability of milk in various States of the country at present as compared to the national average and that of other Asian countries, State-wise;

(c) whether the Government has set target to increase the per capita milk availability from the existing level of 337 ml to 500 ml daily by the year 2021-22 to bridge the gap between demand and supply of milk;

(d) if so, the details of the schemes which are being implemented to increase the availability of milk in the country along with the expenditure likely to be incurred by the Government during the said period to achieve the target; and

(e) the details of the efforts made by the Government for setting up of hi-tech dairies to boost milk, production in the country?

Answer

ANSWER
THE MINISTER OF STATE FOR AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE
(SHRI SUDARSHAN BHAGAT)
(a) and (b)Yes, India ranks first in milk production in the world. A statement showing the State-wise per capita availability of milk of the country during 2015-16 along with national average is enclosed as Annexure-I. The per capita availability of milk in major Asian countries is enclosed as Annexure-II.

(c) to (e) Government is implementing three major schemes namely, National Dairy Plan(Phase-I), National Programme for Bovine Breeding and Dairy Development (NPBB&DD) and Dairy Entrepreneurship Development Scheme (DEDS). The details of these schemes along with funds allocated and expenditure likely to be incurred are summarized below:

1. National Dairy Plan(Phase-I):To meet the growing demand of milk, likely to be in the range of 200-210 million tonnes by 2021-22, National Dairy Plan-Phase-I was approved in March 2012 with the objective of increasing productivity of milch animals and providing rural milk producers with greater access to organized milk processing sector. The Scheme is being implemented by National Dairy Development Board (NDDB) covering 18 major milk producing States.

NDP-I has a total outlay of Rs. 2242 Crore comprising External aid of Rs 1584 Crore and GoI Share of Rs. 176 crore for 12thPlan.

2. National Programme for Bovine Breeding and Dairy Development (NPBB&DD): NPBB&DD is a new Scheme was launched in February 2014 with two components (a) National Programme for Bovine Breeding (NPBB) and (b) National Programme for Dairy Development (NPDD).
NPBB focuses on extension of field AI Network, development and conservation of indigenous breeds, storage and supply of liquid Nitrogen for preservation of high genetic merit germplasm, supply of breeding bulls of high genetic merit for AI and natural service, strengthening bull mother farm, establishment of Breeders' Association and Societies to encourage conservation and development of recognized indigenous breeds of the country. NPDD focus on creating/ strengthening of infrastructure for production of quality milk, procurement, processing and marketing of milk & milk products by State Milk Federations /District Milk Unions.

The budgetary provision of Rs. 1800 crore has been provided for implementation of NPBBDD during 12thPlan period. Out of Rs 1800 crore, an amount of Rs. 1200 crore has been allocated under NPBB and Rs.600 Crore for NPDD.

3. Dairy Entrepreneurship Development Scheme (DEDS): DEDS launched in September, 2010 is beneficiary oriented scheme with an aim to generate self-employment opportunities in dairy sector to set up dairy units by providing back ended capital subsidy of 25% of the project cost to the beneficiaries of general category and 33.33% of the project cost to SC & ST beneficiaries through NABARD. An individual entrepreneur/ farmer and members of self-help group and Dairy Cooperative Societies are eligible to avail the assistance as per guidelines of the scheme.

The scheme is being implemented with the budget provision of Rs. 1400 crore during 12th Five Year Plan. Out of an amount of Rs. 240 crore allocated for 2016-17, entire amount of Rs. 240 crore has been released to NABARD till 30.11.2016. An amount of Rs 240 crore has been allocated for continuation of the scheme for the year 2017-18.

Since inception, a total sum of Rs 932.68 crore has been disbursed by NABARD as back ended capital subsidy to the beneficiaries

for setting up of 2,46,523 dairy units upto 31stMarch, 2016.

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